Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Heather Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1

Arapahoe County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Heather Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The continuing disclosure annual financial information as listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Lym CAA, UC

Castle Pines, Colorado November 30, 2023

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 28,026	\$ 1,874,707	\$ 1,902,733
Cash and investments restricted	443,776	-	443,776
Taxes receivable - County Treasurer	3,542	-	3,542
Taxes receivable	738,238	-	738,238
Inventory	-	47,708	47,708
Accounts receivable - customer	11,000	77,867	88,867
Lease receivable	1,364,377	-	1,364,377
Prepaid expenses	14,308	43,128	57,436
Prepaid bond insurance - net	21,969	-	21,969
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	198,031	3,402,341	3,600,372
Total Assets	2,823,267	5,445,751	8,269,018
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	30,802	46,304	77,106
Accrued bond interest payable	13,554	-	13,554
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bonds payable, due within one year	235,000	-	235,000
Bonds payable, due in more than one year	5,045,115		5,045,115
Total Liabilities	5,324,471	46,304	5,370,775
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred lease revenue	1,346,581	-	1,346,581
Deferred property tax revenue	738,238		738,238
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,084,819		2,084,819
NET POSITION			
Net invested in capital assets	198,031	3,402,341	3,600,372
Restricted for:			
Emergency reserve	12,637	-	12,637
Debt service	419,547	-	419,547
Capital projects	-	667,185	667,185
Unrestricted:	(5,216,238)	1,329,921	(3,886,317)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (4,586,023)	\$ 5,399,447	\$ 813,424

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

					Net	(Expense) Reve	enue
		Program Revenues			and Cl	nanges in Net P	osition
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 464,985	\$ 122,416	\$-	\$ -	\$ (342,569)	\$ -	\$ (342,569)
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	160,611				(160,611)		(160,611)
Total Governmental Activities	625,596	122,416			(503,180)		(503,180)
Business-Type Activities:							
Golf - operations	1,470,452	1,700,528				230,076	230,076
Total Business-Type Activities	1,470,452	1,700,528				230,076	230,076
Total	\$2,096,048	\$1,822,944	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	(503,180)	230,076	(273,104)
	General Rev	enues:					
	Property	taxes			759,655	-	759,655
	Specific	ownership taxe	es		47,956	-	47,956
	Other inc	ome			44,979	27,803	72,782
	Total G	eneral Revenu	ies		695,879	184,514	880,393
	Change	e in Net Positio	on		192,699	414,590	607,289
	Net Pos	sition (Deficit)	- Beginning		(4,778,722)	4,984,857	206,135
	Net Pos	sition (Deficit)	- Ending		<u>\$ (4,586,023)</u>	\$ 5,399,447	\$ 813,424

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

				Debt	
	<u>(</u>	<u>General</u>		Service	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	28,026	\$	-	\$ 28,026
Cash and investments - restricted		12,637		431,139	443,776
Property taxes receivable - current		1,580		1,962	3,542
Property taxes receivable		329,368		408,870	738,238
Receivable - rent		11,000		-	11,000
Lease receivable		1,364,377		-	1,364,377
Prepaid expenses		14,308			14,308
Total Assets	\$	1,761,296	\$	841,971	\$ 2,603,267
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	30,802	\$	_	\$ 30,802
Total Liabilities		30,802		-	30,802
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred lease revenue		1,346,581		-	1,346,581
Deferred property tax revenue		329,368		408,870	738,238
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,675,949		408,870	2,084,819
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaids		14,308		-	14,308
Leases		17,796		-	17,796
Restricted:					
Emergencies		12,637		-	12,637
Debt service		-		433,101	433,101
Assigned					
Subsequent year expenditures		9,804			9,804
Total Fund Balances		54,545		433,101	487,646
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances	\$	1,761,296	\$	841,971	
			1	L	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net po			ent	because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period exper	anture	es and,			21.070
therefore, are not reported in the funds.					21,969
Capital assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures a	ind,				100 001
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	-1.1 .				198,031
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not not due and pay period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	able 11	n current			(5,293,669)

Net Position of governmental activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

\$(4,586,023)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Specific ownership taxes 21,396 26,560 47,95 Rent 122,416 - 122,41 Other income 42,224 2,755 44,97 Total General Revenues 524,959 450,047 975,00 EXPENDITURES 27,023 - 27,02 Insurance 11,836 - 11,83 - 11,83 Legal and election 19,328 - 19,32 Social function 2,019 - 2,01 Community Communications 46,937 - 46,693 - 46,693 - 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 32,260 - 2,260 - 2,226 - 2,22600 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000		<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Specific ownership taxes 21,396 26,560 47,95 Rent 122,416 - 122,41 Other income 42,224 2,755 44,97 Total General Revenues 524,959 450,047 975,00 EXPENDITURES - 11,836 11,83 Accounting and audit 27,023 - 27,02 Insurance 11,836 11,83 19,328 - Communications 46,937 - 46,63 Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 - 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - Mails and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,22 2,000 225,000 </td <td>GENERAL REVENUES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	GENERAL REVENUES				
Rent 122,416 122,41 Other income 42,224 2,755 44,97 Total General Revenues 524,959 450,047 975,00 EXPENDITURES 27,023 27,023 27,02 Accounting and audit 27,023 27,02 11,836 11,838 Legal and election 19,328 19,323 2019 2,019 2,019 2,019 2,019 2,017 97,072	Property taxes	\$ 338,923	\$	420,732	\$ 759,655
Other income 42,224 2,755 44,97 Total General Revenues 524,959 450,047 975,00 EXPENDITURES 4ccounting and audit 27,023 27,02 Insurance 11,836 11,833 19,328 19,322 Social function 2,019 2,019 2,019 2,019 Community Communications 46,937 46,937 46,937 Building expenses 1155,176 155,176 155,176 Landscaping 39,869 39,869 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,740 Milagge/travel 869 86 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 2,25,000 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 205,000 12,775 12,777 12,777 12,777 12,77 12,777 12,777 12,777 12,777 12,777 12,777 1	Specific ownership taxes	21,396		26,560	47,956
Total General Revenues 524,959 450,047 975,00 EXPENDITURES 7,023 27,023 27,023 Insurance 11,836 11,833 11,836 11,833 19,328 13,390 11,456 12,	Rent	122,416		-	122,416
EXPENDITURES 7,023 27,023 Accounting and audit 27,023 27,02 Insurance 11,836 11,83 Legal and election 19,328 19,32 Social function 2,019 2,01 Community Communications 46,937 46,937 Consultant Fees/mgnt fees/professional fees 97,072 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 39,869 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,740 Mileage/travel 869 86 86 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 2,226 Bond interest - 173,900 173,90 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 12,775 Security 4,264 4,264 Computer/Internet 620 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 1,456 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 60 Over (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	Other income	 42,224		2,755	 44,979
Accounting and audit 27,023 - 27,02 Insurance 11,836 - 11,83 Legal and election 19,328 - 19,32 Social function 2,019 - 2,019 - Community Communications 46,937 - 46,937 - 46,937 Consultant Fees/mgnt fees/professional fees 97,072 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 - 2,260 - 2,226 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 - 14,56 - 1,456 - 1,456	Total General Revenues	 524,959		450,047	 975,006
Insurance 11,836 - 11,835 Legal and election 19,328 - 19,323 Social function 2,019 - 2,01 Community Communications 46,937 - 46,937 Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 - 97,072 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,176 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,74 Mileage/travel 869 - 86 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,25,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,266 - 4,266 - 4,266 - 4,266 - 4,264 - 4,264 - 4,264 - 4,264 - 4,266 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - 1,436 - </td <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES				
Legal and election 19,328 - 19,328 Social function 2,019 - 2,011 Community Communications 46,937 - 46,937 Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 - 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,740 Mileage/travel 869 - 866 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,25,000 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 12,775 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,26 Computer/Internet 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,456 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,400	Accounting and audit	27,023		-	27,023
Social function 2,019 - 2,01 Community Communications 46,937 - 46,93 Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 - 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,86 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,74 Mileage/travel 869 - 86 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,90 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,264 Omuter/Internet 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,456 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - 6000 600 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,400	Insurance	11,836		-	11,836
Community Communications 46,937 - 46,937 Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 - 97,07 Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,86 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,74 Mileage/travel 869 - 86 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,90 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,26 Computer/Internet 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,486 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,436 Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,400 Total Expenditures 84,763 44,230 128	Legal and election	19,328		-	19,328
Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees 97,072 97,072 Building expenses 155,176 155,177 Landscaping 39,869 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,74 Mileage/travel 869 2,260 Bond interest 2,260 2,260 Bond interest 12,775 12,775 Security 4,264 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 622 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 1,863 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,400 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 90/THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 112,67,11 . . OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 . OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) <	Social function	2,019		-	2,019
Building expenses 155,176 - 155,17 Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,74 11,740 11,74 Mileage/travel 869 - 866 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,264 - 4,264 Omguter/Internet 620 - 620 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - - 600 600 600 600 Treasurer's fees	Community Communications	46,937		-	46,937
Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,740 Mileage/travel 869 - 866 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,863 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 600 Trustee fees - 600 600 Trustee fees - 600 600 Total Expenditures 84,763 442,20 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,711) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,711) - (156,711) <	Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees	97,072		-	97,072
Landscaping 39,869 - 39,869 - 39,869 Trash Removal 11,740 11,740 11,740 Mileage/travel 869 - 866 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,266 - 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 - 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,486 - 1,435 Trustee fees - 600 600 600 600 Trustee fees - 600 600 600 11,440 104,458,17 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - - 6106,711 - (156,711 - (156,711 Otal Expenditures - 84,763 44,230 128,99 0714 <td< td=""><td>Building expenses</td><td>155,176</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>155,176</td></td<>	Building expenses	155,176		-	155,176
Mileage/travel 869 - 866 Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 - 620 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,456 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,455 Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees		39,869		-	39,869
Meals and Entertainment 2,260 - 2,26 Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,456 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,40 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,711) Transfer from (to) other funds	Trash Removal	11,740			11,740
Bond interest - 173,900 173,900 Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,26 Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,863 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,456 Trustee fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees _ 5,089 6,317 11,40 Total Expenditures _ 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES _ 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) _ _ (156,711) _ (156,711) Transfer from (to) other funds _ _ (156,711) _ (156,711) CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR _ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	Mileage/travel	869		-	869
Bond Principal 2016 - 225,000 225,000 Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,775 Security 4,264 - 4,266 Computer/Internet 620 - 622 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,866 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,455 Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,40 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,711) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,711) - (156,711) CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 433,101 \$ 487,64	Meals and Entertainment	2,260		-	2,260
Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,26 Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,863 - 1,86 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,45 - 1,45 Trustee fees - 600 60	Bond interest	-		173,900	173,900
Utilities/Telephone 12,775 - 12,77 Security 4,264 - 4,26 Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,863 - 1,86 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,45 - 1,45 Trustee fees - 600 60	Bond Principal 2016	-		225,000	225,000
Security $4,264$ - $4,26$ Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions $1,863$ - $1,863$ Office supplies/Expenses $1,456$ - $1,45$ Trustee fees - 600 600 Treasurer's fees $5,089$ $6,317$ $11,40$ Total Expenditures $440,196$ $405,817$ $846,01$ EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES $84,763$ $44,230$ $128,99$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - $(156,711)$ - $(156,711)$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $(156,711)$ - $(156,711)$ - $(156,711)$ CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE $(71,948)$ $44,230$ $(27,71)$ $(27,71)$ FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR $126,493$ $388,871$ $515,36$ FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ $54,545$ \$ $433,101$ \$ $487,64$	•	12,775		-	12,775
Computer/Internet 620 - 62 Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,86 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,45 Trustee fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees - 600 60 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,711) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,711) - (156,711) CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71) - (156,711) - (156,711) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	*	4,264		-	4,264
Dues & Subscriptions 1,863 - 1,86 Office supplies/Expenses 1,456 - 1,45 Trustee fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,40 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 - CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	-	620		-	620
Office supplies/Expenses $1,456$ $ 1,456$ Trustee fees $ 600$ 60 Treasurer's fees $5,089$ $6,317$ $11,40$ Total Expenditures $440,196$ $405,817$ $846,01$ EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES $440,196$ $405,817$ $846,01$ OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES $84,763$ $44,230$ $128,99$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $1(156,711)$ $ (156,711)$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $(156,711)$ $ (156,711)$ CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE $(71,948)$ $44,230$ $(27,711)$ FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR $126,493$ $388,871$ $515,36$ FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	*	1,863		-	1,863
Trustee fees - 600 60 Treasurer's fees 5,089 6,317 11,40 Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 440,196 405,817 846,01 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	•			-	1,456
Total Expenditures 440,196 405,817 846,01 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	** *	-		600	600
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	Treasurer's fees	 5,089		6,317	 11,406
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	Total Expenditures	 440,196		405,817	 846,013
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 84,763 44,230 128,99 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENIJES				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711)<		84,763		44,230	128,993
Transfer from (to) other funds (156,711) - (156,71 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,71 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	OTHED EINANCING SOLIDCES (LISES)	 			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,711) - (156,711) CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64		(156 711)		_	(156 711)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (71,948) 44,230 (27,71 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64					
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 126,493 388,871 515,36 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (156,711)		-	 (156,711)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54,545 \$ 433,101 \$ 487,64	CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(71,948)		44,230	(27,718)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 54.545 \$ 433.101 \$ 487.64	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 126,493		388,871	 515,364
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements. ϕ	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR The notes to the financial statements are an integral participation of the financial statements are an integral participation of the financial statements are an integral participation.	54,545 these state	\$ mer	433,101 nts.	\$ 487,646

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ (27,718)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful lives of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation, in the current period.	
Depreciation expense	(15,515)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position.	
Bond principal payment	225,000
Amortization of premium and bond insurance	9,994
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest on bonds payable	938
6	 ,,,,,
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 192,699

BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2022

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,874,707
Accounts receivable - customer	77,867
Inventory	47,708
Prepaid expenses	43,128
Total Current Assets	2,043,410
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,402,341
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,445,751</u>
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 46,304</u>
Total Current Liabilities	46,304
Total Liabilities	46,304
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in capital assets	3,402,341
Restricted for:	
Capital improvements	667,089
Unrestricted	1,330,017
Total Net Position	5,399,447
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 5,445,751

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	
Golf Course fees	<u>\$ 1,700,528</u>
Total Operating Revenues	1,700,528
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Golf Operations	511,856
Administrative expenses	26,516
Grounds expense	523,444
Depreciation expense	408,636
Total Operating Expenses	1,470,452
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	230,076
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	27,803
Transfer from other funds	156,711
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	184,514
NET INCOME (LOSS) - CHANGE IN NET POSITION	414,590
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,984,857
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,399,447

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,643,749
Payments to suppliers	(1,213,623)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	430,126
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds	156 711
Transfers from other funds	156,711
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Noncapital Financing Activities	156,711
Net cash i to naca (required) of i to neuptur i manonig i to to theo	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquistion and construction of capital assets	(120,300)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(120,300)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment income	27,803
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Investing Activities	27,803
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	494,340
	1 200 2/5
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,380,367
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,874,707
CASIFARD CASIFEQUIVALENTS, END OF TEAK	\$ 1,07 4 ,707
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED	
(REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income (loss) from operations	\$ 230,076
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING LOSS TO	\$ 200,070
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Depreciation and amortization	408,636
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	100,050
Accounts payable	(74,352)
Receivables	(56,779)
	(34,327)
Inventory Prepaid expenses	(43,128)
Net Adjustments	200,050
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 430,126

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Variance
	Original & Final		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 338,908	\$ 338,923	
Specific ownership taxes	24,059	21,396	
Misc Income	3,000	-	(3,000)
Rent	135,000	122,416	· · · · · ·
Other income	14,721	42,224	
Total Revenues	515,688	524,959	9,271
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	18,000	18,523	· · ·
Audit	8,500	8,500	
Insurance	13,000	11,836	
Legal and election	65,000	19,328	-
Social function	3,000	2,019	
Community Communications	47,000	46,937	
Consultant Fees/mgmt fees/professional fees	22,000	97,072	(75,072)
Building repairs interior	30,000	65,010	(35,010)
Building repairs exterior	60,000	465	59,535
Building utilities/Electric	35,000	36,460	(1,460)
Building Utilities/Gas	18,000	26,919	(8,919)
Building Utilities Water/Sewer	24,000	26,322	(2,322)
Building Utilities Telephone	12,000	12,775	(775)
Landscaping	30,000	39,869	(9,869)
Mileage/travel	800	869	(69)
Security	8,000	4,264	3,736
Office supplies/expenses	1,000	1,456	(456)
Meals and Entertainment	4,500	2,260	2,240
Treasurer's fees	5,084	5,089	(5)
Computer/Internet	2,000	620	1,380
Employee relations	500	-	500
Trash	12,000	11,740	260
Dues and Subscription	2,000	1,863	137
Emergency Reserve	12,642		12,642
Total Expenditures	434,026	440,196	(6,170)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	81,662	84,763	3,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer to other fund	(156,711)	(156,711)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(156,711)	(156,711)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(75,049)	(71,948) 3,101
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	75,049	126,493	51,444
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 54,545</u>	\$ 54,545

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Heather Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1, located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on December 4, 2006 as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established as a mechanism to preserve the Heather Ridge open space and to provide public improvement and related operations and services as described in the Special District Act. Through an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Aurora the District is also authorized to own, operate and maintain the Heather Ridge Golf Course ("Golf Course"). The District's primary revenues are property taxes and fees from the Golf Course. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB No. 34.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2022 and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

Golf Fund – The Golf Fund is an enterprise fund that accounts for the Golf Course operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. This fund is comprised of the Proprietary Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The Enterprise Funds account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. The District's proprietary fund consists of the Golf Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

The District amended its total appropriations in Proprietary Fund from \$1,072,000 to \$1,300,100 primarily as the result of increased golf operations and grounds expenses.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each funds' average equity balance in the total cash.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting under this category at December 31, 2022.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Prepaid Debt Insurance and Original Issue Premium

Prepaid debt insurance and Original Issue Premium from the Series 2016 Bonds are being amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of prepaid debt insurance and original issue premium amounted to \$21,969 and \$115,115, respectively, at December 31, 2022.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include the Golf Course and related facilities, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$150 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the assets are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current change. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Golf Course and related facilities	15 - 20 years
Equipment	6 years

<u>Leases</u>

The District determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the District's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The District has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a least term of 12 months or less as revenue when the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Significant lease terms are disclosed in Note 4.

The District accounts for contracts containing both least and non-lease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and non-lease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the District treats the components as a single lease unit.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$14,308 represents prepaid expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$12,637 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$433,101 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2016 Bonds. (see Note 4).

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

The assigned fund balance in the General Fund is set aside for subsequent year expenditures.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, except for construction in progress, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u>

As of December 31, 2022, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,902,733
Cash and investments – Restricted	443,776
Total	<u>\$2,346,509</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 576,205
Petty cash	2,450
Investments – COLOTRUST	1,767,854
	\$ 2,346,509

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

<u>Deposits</u> Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured depositories and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Credit risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy, however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2022, the District had \$1,767,854 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Government Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:	_			
Clubhouse airconditioning	\$ 43,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,884
Clubhouse roof replacement	188,834	-	-	188,834
Accumulated Depreciation	(19,172)	(15,515)		(34,687)
Government activities assets, net	213,546	(15,515)		198,031
Business Type Activities: Capital assets being depreciated:	_			
Golf Course, clubhouse				
and related equipment	\$ 7,321,069	\$ 120,300	\$ -	\$ 7,441,369
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,630,392)	(408,636)		(4,039,028)
Business type assets, net	\$ 3,690,677	\$ (288,336)	\$ -	\$ 3,402,341

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 15,515
Business-type activities:	
Golf Course fund	408,636
Total depreciation expense –business type activities	<u>\$ 424,151</u>

Note 4 Leases

The District leases certain premises generally known as the restaurant and a related lease receivable and deferred inflow have been recorded. The lease provides for minimum annual payments between \$11,000 and \$12,143 through December 31, 2033. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized \$104,620 and \$27,380 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments to be received under the agreement are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year ending	_	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	104,216	\$	27,784	\$	132,000		
2024		109,102		25,538		134,640		
2025		111,426		23,214		134,640		
2026		116,514		20,814		137,328		
2027		118,997		18,331		137,328		
2028-2032		660,059		51,505		711,564		
2033		144,063		1,652		145,715		
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,364,377	\$	168,838	\$	1,533,215		

Note 5: Long-term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

\$6,640,000 General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016

On June 3, 2016, the District issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 ("Series 2016 Bonds") in the amount of \$6,640,000 to current refund the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009, current refund the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011, fund the Reserve Fund, pay the costs of the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, and finance the costs of public improvements. The Bonds bear interest at rates from 2% to 5% and are payable on June 1 and December 1, each year, commencing December 1, 2016, and mature on December 1, 2039. The Series 2016 Bonds are payable from general and ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation of rate and in an amount necessary to pay the Bonds, when due against all taxable property within the District.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The Series 2016 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2027 and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, commencing on December 1, 2026, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. Events of default include payment of principal, interest and redemption premium on any Bond is not made by the District when due, the District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws, and the District defaults on the performance of any of its covenants for 60 days beyond the date the District is notified of such default. As a result of the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of the old debt equaled the net carrying amount of the old debt. The refunding resulted in an economic loss of \$1,439,813 due to the extension of the maturity date. The payments on the Series 2016 Bonds exceeds the payments on the refunded debt by \$4,512,915.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2022:

	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022	Current Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2016	\$ 5,390,000	\$ -	\$ 225,000	\$ 5,165,000	\$ 235,000
Premium on Series 2016	127,466		12,351	115,115	
Total	\$ 5,517,466	\$	\$ 237,351	\$ 5,280,115	\$ 235,000

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements:

	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2023	\$ 235,000	\$ 162,650	\$	397,650
2024	240,000	157,950		397,950
2025	250,000	152,550		402,550
2026	255,000	146,612		401,612
2027	260,000	140,238		400,238
2028-2032	1,460,000	540,040		2,000,040
2033-2037	1,705,000	288,314		1,993,314
2038-2039	 760,000	 37,209		797,209
Total	\$ 5,165,000	\$ 1,625,563	\$	6,790,563

As of December 31, 2022, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of \$32,567,593 for improvement projects, \$80,000,000 for refunding bonds, and \$39,714,275 for operations purposes, for a total of \$152,281,868. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$40,000,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 6: <u>Tax Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 7: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the "Pool") is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public official's liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

						Variance		
	Orig	inal & Final			Favorable			
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	420,714	\$	420,732	\$	18		
Specific ownership taxes		29,441		26,560		(2,881)		
Other income		1,500		2,755		1,255		
Total Revenues		451,655		450,047		(1,608)		
EXPENDITURES								
Bond interest		173,900		173,900		-		
Bond Principal 2016		225,000		225,000		-		
Trustee fees		5,000		600		4,400		
Treasurer's fees		6,311		6,317		(6)		
Contingency		5,007				5,007		
Total Expenditures		415,218		405,817		9,401		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		36,437		44,230		7,793		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		443,457		388,871		(54,586)		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	479,894	\$	433,101	\$	(46,793)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND- CATASTROPHIC For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				V	ariance
	Original	& Final	Favorable		
	<u>Bud</u>	get	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	<u>favorable)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES					
Interest income	\$	_	\$ 10,246	\$	10,246
Total General Revenues	<u> </u>		 10,246		10,246
EXPENDITURES					
Other capital improvements			 -		
Total Expenditures			 _		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	 10,246		10,246
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer from General Fund	1	56,711	156,711		_
Transfer from enterprise fund		00,000	100,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	56,711	 256,711		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2	56,711	266,957		10,246
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2	00,000	 400,132		200,132
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$4</u>	56,711	\$ 667,089	\$	210,378

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Variance
	Original & Final		Favorable
	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES			
Interest income	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>
Total General Revenues			
EXPENDITURES			
Cart path improvements	-	-	-
Other capital improvements			
Total Expenditures			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	30,410		(30,410)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 30,410	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (30,410)</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) -PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

							٧	Variance	
	Original Final						Favorable		
		Budget		Budget		Actual	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)	
REVENUES									
Merchandise	\$	46,350	\$	46,350	\$	82,429	\$	36,079	
Miscellaneous Income		4,000		4,000		9,402		5,402	
Golf packages		20,750		20,750		14,490		(6,260)	
Men's club redeemed		1,000		1,000		(128)		(1,128)	
Premium Cards Redeemed		(10,000)		(10,000)		(19,065)		(9,065)	
Cart fees		248,000		248,000		459,331		211,331	
Green Fees		732,000		732,000		1,093,320		361,320	
Range ball fees		47,600		47,600		60,749		13,149	
Interest income		-				17,557		17,557	
Total Revenues		1,089,700		1,089,700		1,718,085		628,385	
EXPENDITURES									
Golf Operations		450,150		550,000		511,856		38,144	
Administrative expenses		34,300		104,700		26,516		78,184	
Grounds expense		487,550		545,400		523,444		21,956	
Total Expenditures		972,000		1,200,100		1,061,816		138,284	
EXCESS OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		117,700		(110,400)		656,269		766,669	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in (out)	_	(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		17,700		(210,400)		556,269		766,669	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		813,167		813,167		878,087		64,920	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	830,867	\$	602,767	\$	1,434,356	\$	831,589	

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	656,269
Interest income which is included in the Capital Projects Fund Budget not the Proprietary Fund Budget		10,246
Transfer from General Fund to Capital Projects Fund		156,711
Deduct depreciation which is an expense on the Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Net Position		(408,636)
Changes in Net Position per Statement Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	414,590

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

Year Ended	1	Prior ear Assessed Valuation for Current ear Property	Mills I	.evied		Total Pro	nerí	v Tax	Percent Collected
December 31,	-	<u>Tax Levy</u>	General Fund	Debt Service		Levied		Collected	to Levied
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$ \$ \$ \$	11,897,120 12,396,810 12,487,140 11,365,226 11,502,167	11.500 14.850 11.500 8.000 8.000	31.000 27.650 31.000 34.500 34.500 21.000	\$ \$ \$ \$	505,628 526,864 530,703 483,022 488,842 628,422	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	503,842 526,170 529,601 481,594 488,843 641,204	99.65% 99.87% 99.79% 99.70% 100.00%
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	15,021,708 15,005,393 19,153,726 19,071,095 22,589,914 23,074,002 23,372,992	11.500 11.500 11.500 11.500 14.500 14.500 14.500	31.000 31.000 22.000 22.000 19.000 19.000 18.000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	638,423 637,729 641,650 638,882 756,762 772,979 759,622	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	641,294 638,347 641,826 637,891 756,746 772,996 759,655	100.45% 100.10% 100.03% 99.84% 100.00% 100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2023	\$	22,715,026	14.500	18.000	\$	738,238			

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

<u>Taxpayer Name</u>	2021 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Public Service Company of Colorado aka Xcel Energ	\$ 677,900	2.98%
Qwest Corp.	330,600	1.46%
Private Homeowner #1	27,445	0.12%
Private Homeowner #2	27,439	0.12%
Private Homeowner #3	27,181	0.12%
Private Homeowner #4	26,313	0.12%
Private Homeowner #5	26,229	0.12%
Private Homeowner #6	26,153	0.12%
Private Homeowner #7	25,986	0.11%
Private Homeowner #8	25,896	0.11%
Total	\$ 1,221,142	5.38%

NOTE

Assessed Valuations were obtained from the Arapahoe County website.

ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

<u>Class</u>	2022 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Residential	\$ 21,700,133	95.53%
State Assessed	1,008,500	4.44%
Commercial	6,383	0.03%
Total	\$ 22,715,016	100.00%

NOTE

Percentage is based on a 2021 certified assessed valuation of \$22,715,026

SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT December 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

Direct Debt (Dist bonds only)	\$ 5,165,000
Direct debt	\$ 5,165,000
2022 Assessed Valuation Direct Debt to 2022 Assessed Valuation	\$ 22,715,026 22.74%
2022 Statutory Actual Value Direct Debt to 2022 Statutory Actual Value	\$ 315,730,585 1.64%